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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Bill introduced in South Carolina Legislature to prohibit trusts; also, for attorney general to investigate operations of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. —— Col. Bullard attacked the Filipinos, killing four and taking 60 prisoners; one American was killed. —— Gen. Dabney H. Maury died at Peoria, Ill. —— The Currency bill and the Philippine question were discussed in the Senate. —— Gen. Methuen is to be relieved of his command in South Africa and ordered home; his mind is unbalanced. —— A large steamer, supposed to be a passenger ship, is ashore on the coast of Newfoundland and on fire. —— The British loss in the Boer attack on Ladysmith last Saturday was over 800 killed and wounded; Boer loss between 2,000 and 3,000. —— New York markets: Money on call was easier at 3@5½ per cent., last loan at 3 per cent., ruling rate 5 per cent.; cotton steady; middling uplands 7¾c.; flour quiet but firmer, not being pressed for sale; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 75¾c.; corn—spot firm; No. 2, 41¾c.; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 11.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 48 degrees; 8 P. M., 64 degrees; maximum, 64 degrees; minimum, 48 degrees; mean, 56 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 1.68; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.90 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—For North Carolina: Fair Friday, preceded by rain on the coast; fair Saturday; cooler Friday; brisk southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

Port Almanac—Jan. 12.

Sun Rises	7.09 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.05 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 59 M.
High Water at Southport	5.14 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	8.44 A. M.

In the city of Baltimore with a population of 541,000, 78,000 of whom are negroes, the death rate among the negroes is 30.61 per cent. against 14.35 per cent. for the whites.

On an alleged capital of $20,000,000, about three-quarters of which is water, the Swift Meat Packing Company of Chicago last year sold $160,000,000 worth of meat, and paid a dividend of seven per cent.

The embezzlers in this country, as far as known, got away with $2,218,373 last year. This is said to be about the best showing made in twenty years, only one year within that time (1882) showing less. The stealings for 1898 footed up $6,000,000.

Le Temps, of Paris, comes to the conclusion that by mixing up with other nations as a world power, and taking a hand in affairs on the Eastern Hemisphere, the United States let the bottom drop out of the Monroe Doctrine, and *Le Temps* is about right.

With 120,000 troops in South Africa and 30,000 on the way, with two crack Generals—Roberts and Kitchener—four Lieutenant Generals and a dozen or so Major Generals, the British ought to be able to make some impression on those rustic Boers.

Last year was a sort of off year with Judge Lynch, the lynchings numbering only 107, the smallest number since 1885, when there were 184. The record breaker was 1892 when there were 235. Of the lynchings reported last year 103 were in the South and 4 in the North, Georgia led with 28.

The South African dispatch builder who sent out that dispatch telling how Paul Kruger suggested putting the Free Staters at the posts of danger in the attacks on Ladysmith, to save the Transvaalers, presumed very much on the credulity of the British public.

Last year 12,962,622 tons of freight passed through the Suez canal. Great Britain led with 8,691,092 tons, or 65.5 per cent., while the United States brought up the tail with a little over .02 per cent. In the same time 3,503 vessels passed through it, of which 2,295 were British. The United States brought up the tail with 4.

The population of Hawaii numbers 124,234, of whom 40,000 are Japanese, 21,600 Chinese, 31,000 pure blood Hawaiians, 8,400 mixed bloods, 15,600 Portuguese, 3,000 Americans, 2,200 British, 1,400 Germans, 479 French and Norwegians, and 1,055 of other nationalities. The Americans constitute about 2½ per cent. of the population, but they propose to rule the roost all the same.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The O. U. D's will have an important meeting at 8 o'clock to-night in the parish house of St. James'.

— The case of larceny against Robert Bolden, colored, was continued by Justice Fowler yesterday until to-day.

— Yesterday was a very rainy day, but the rain was badly needed. In the afternoon the first thunder storm of the season occurred.

— Maj. D. O'Connor, real estate agent, offers for sale the valuable plantation known as "Clarendon," on the Cape Fear river, five miles below Wilmington. Full description is given in an advertisement in the STAR.

— The schooner *Percy and Lilly*, Capt. Anderson, laden with cross ties, from Georgetown, S. C., to New York, and which put in here several days ago leaking badly, is loaded again and waiting favorable weather to proceed.

— The congregation of Brooklyn Baptist Church has secured the hall over Spencer's store, corner of Fourth and Bladen streets, as a house of worship until the new one can be built in place of the one so badly damaged by fire this week.

— Cotton receipts for the past few days have been quite heavy for the time of year. Most of it comes from points on the W., C. & A. railroad and tributaries. Yesterday 1,798 bales were received from this source out of a total number for the day of 1,993 bales.

— County Treasurer H. McL. Green yesterday received a warrant from Auditor Ayer on the State Treasurer for $1,160.22, New Hanover's apportionment of the $10,000 appropriated directly by the Legislature to the public schools. He has no assurance as to when the amount will be paid.

— The *Driver* was in port yesterday and cleared in the evening for Fayetteville. Among her passengers were Mrs. L. P. Singletary, Mrs. E. C. Clark, of Elizabethtown; Mrs. W. B. Singletary, of Tar Heel; Mrs. R. B. McGee, of Smith Landing, and Messrs. Thos. Hall and H. B. Dowless, of Brown's Landing.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. D. Love—Spring oats.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
D. O'Connor—Plantation for sale.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—To my patrons.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Star Studio—Seventeen photographs

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Gymnasium Class Re-opened Last Night. Rev. Milton Clark Will Speak.

The gymnasium class at the Y. M. C. A., with Mr. George E. Delano as director, opened last night under very favorable auspices, and this important branch of work by the young men indicated no impairment by reason of the temporary suspension of exercises. The class promises well in the future.

Rev. Melton Clark, who is here to conduct services in the First Presbyterian Church, will be the special speaker at the men's meeting at the Association Sunday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Clark is a very forcible speaker and that he will lead the service will doubtless attract a large congregation. Rev. Mr. Clark is a graduate of the South Carolina College at Columbia and also received his theological training in that city. His father is president of the Y. M. C. A. in Columbia, and he himself is an enthusiastic worker in the cause. He is also a brother of Rev. F. S. Brockman, the missionary in China who is supported by the Southern Young Men's Christian Association.

An Unexpected Result.

The result in the Marshall case is a great disappointment to the friends of that gentleman. From the outset they have believed him innocent; and after reading the evidence in the case they were convinced of it. His bitterest persecutor never hoped for a conviction, while the almost universal impression, both in Wilmington and Raleigh, was that the jury would promptly render a verdict of not guilty. The information received by the STAR is that the jury stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction. With every important witness against the defendant absolutely discredited, it is almost beyond belief that a single juror could favor conviction.

The government should abandon the prosecution; for it can never find a jury of twelve honest men who will decide that Mr. Marshall is a guilty man.

Found Not Guilty.

The negroes charged with stealing a trunk containing $150 in money and a number of articles of clothing from the house of George White, colored, on Sunday night, were arraigned in the municipal court yesterday morning and acquitted of the charges preferred against them. Becky Gilliam and Wm. Gilliam, parents of Ernest Gilliam, one of the defendants, were also up for receiving stolen goods and they, too, were acquitted. L. V. Grady, Esq., represented the Gilliam family and Herbert McClammy, Esq., defended the other defendants, who were Louis Lavender, George and King Bell, all of whom proved an alibi.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper. †

HOSPITAL MANAGERS MET YESTERDAY.

Their Business Was Chiefly Routine and Quickly Dispensed With—Superintendent's Report Received.

The principal business transacted by the Board of Hospital Managers at their meeting yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock was the awarding of the contract for illuminating oils to the Standard Oil Company, the approval of bills for current expenses and the acceptance of the regular monthly report of Dr. C. P. Bolles, the superintendent.

The bid of the Standard Oil Company was 13 cents per gallon for Alladin oil, with certain conditions as to advances in the product that may be made later.

The report of Dr. Bolles embraced the follow statistics of hospital work, which will be read by those interested in county affairs:

Patients treated 31; 23 from city, 1 from county, and 7 pay patients. Of this number 13 were white persons and 18 colored. November 30th, there were 15 patients remaining in the hospital and 16 were admitted during the month. Eighteen patients were discharged during the month; two died and on December 31st there were left 11 patients. Pay patients were treated 92 days; charity patients 267 days; making a total of 359 days. The total number of rations furnished was 750, of which 92 was to pay, 267 to charity patients and 391 to employes. The average cost per capita per day for sustenance was 14½ cents, making expenditures for this purpose $110.70. The general expenses were $192.93 and $189.48 was paid in salaries, making the aggregate of expenditures $493.11 for the month. The receipts consisted of $135.15 from pay patients; $23.70 for prescriptions; $10 from the sale of a burned building; $350 appropriated from the county, and $166.66 from the city, making a total of $575.51.

Col. Roger Moore presided and Commissioners Gabriel Holmes and D. McEachern and Alderman W. E. Springer were present at the meeting.

DEATH OF JOEL HINES, ESQ.

He Died in St. Louis Yesterday—Removed from North Carolina Eight Years Ago and Became Prominent There.

Mr. E. A. Hawes, of Atkinson, N. C., came down to the city last night on receipt of a telegram yesterday conveying to him the sad intelligence of the death of his cousin, Joel Hines, Esq.

Mr. Hines died yesterday in a hospital at St. Louis where he was under treatment for paralysis. The immediate cause of his death was heart failure. Mr. Hawes came here to order the remains to be forwarded here for interment, and he did so by wire last night. The remains are expected to arrive to morrow and the burial will take place near Atkinson.

Mr. Hines was born in Pender county, near Point Caswell, and was aged about 38 years. He was never married and his nearest relative is a sister, Miss Carrie Hines, who makes her home with Mr. Hawes at Atkinson, He was educated at The University of North Carolina and graduated from the law school of that institution. He practiced law several years at Whiteville, N. C., with J. B. Schulken, Esq., under the firm name of Schulken & Hines. Eight years ago he removed to Missouri and located at Piedmont to practice his profession. He established a good practice and rose rapidly to prominence in politics. He was elected prosecuting attorney by the Democratic party in his district a few years ago, and it is stated that he would no doubt have been the next Democratic nominee for Congress in the Piedmont district.

Mr. Hines had many friends in this part of North Carolina who will learn with regret of his death.

MOORE'S CREEK BATTLEFIELD.

$10,000 Wanted for Repairing Monument and Beautifying Grounds.

Hon. John D. Bellamy on Wednesday introduced the following measure in the House, which is self explanatory and which will be read with interest by many of his constituents in this section of the district:

A Bill to appropriate ten thousand dollars to enclose and beautify the grounds and repair the monument on the Moore's Creek Battlefield, North Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled. That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized, and he is hereby directed to pay to the Governor of North Carolina the sum of ten thousand dollars, out of any money not otherwise appropriated, to be by him transferred to the Moore Creek Monument Association, incorporated by the Legislature of the State of North Carolina, for the purpose of repairing the monument already erected on said battle field and for enclosing and beautifying the same.

New Diphtheria Quarantine.

Another case of diphtheria was reported and quarantined yesterday. The patient is Mr. Wm. H. Schroeder, cashier of the North Carolina Cotton Oil Company. He is boarding at the residence of Mrs. E. B. Wiggins, No. 514 Dock street. This makes the third quarantine now in effect in the city. There is only one case of scarlet fever.

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY

Cape Fear Chapter Met Yesterday—The Annual Meeting and Election of Officers to Be on Lee's Birthday.

A called meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, was held yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry. The president, Mrs. W. M. Parsley, presided, and Miss Kate Harlow was at the desk as secretary.

The Chapter having been invited by Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, to join the Veterans and sons of Veterans in the celebration of Gen. Lee's birthday on next Friday, January 19th, met to make arrangement for that occasion. The Chapter will hold its annual meeting on the 19th for the election of officers, and one of the objects of the meeting was to clear up the business, so that nothing but the election of officers will occupy their attention at the annual meeting.

The matter of participating with the veterans in the celebration of Lee's birthday was discussed and the president announced that the president of the North Carolina Division, Daughters of the Confederacy, will be here to join with the Chapter on the occasion.

The Chapter having been invited to do so, appointed committees to prepare and serve a lunch for the veterans and their guests on the 19th. The lunch will be served in the city hall after the programme, alluded to elsewhere in the STAR, shall have been carried out at the Opera House. The Chapter will also decorate the stage of the Opera House for the veterans, and one of the features will be the display of portraits of General Lee. Mrs. Parsley, the president, requests the loan of an oil portrait of the immortal Lee, and will be pleased to communicate with any person having such a portrait and who is willing to loan it. The ladies are now preparing badges to be worn by all the veterans and their guests at the celebration.

The annual meeting of the Chapter will be held just previous to the celebration. Only a short session will be held for the election of officers and the collection of annual dues. Miss Rodman, of Washington, N. C., State president, will also probably make the Chapter a brief address. Ballots for the election will be cast as the ladies come into the meeting.

THE ALGONQUIN HERE.

She Arrived at Southport Last Night and Will Probably Be Up To-day—Her Officers.

A special dispatch to the STAR last night from Southport says that the revenue cutter *Algonquin*, which has been assigned for duty to this district, arrived there about 8 o'clock through wind and fog. She is lying at anchor in the harbor and will probably proceed up to this port this morning.

The *Algonquin* sailed from Baltimore Tuesday. She is in charge of Capt. Owen S. Willey and she will fill the cruising duties of cutter at this station. Capt. Willey's staff of officers are: Executive officer, Lieutenant John E. Reinburg; lieutenants, Frederick J. Haake, Benj. M. Chiswell and Frank W. Smith; chief engineer, Frederick E. Owen, of Wilmington; assistant engineers, J. Edward Dorry and John B. Turner.

Capt. Willey's wife is accompanying him on the trip.

NORTH CAROLINA SOROSIS.

The Literary Department Discusses Tennyson—Regular Business Meeting.

The Literary Department of the North Carolina Sorosis, of which department Mrs. George H. Locey is chairman, met at the club rooms in the Seaboard Air Line building yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. Notwithstanding the inclement weather there was a good attendance. The consideration of Tennyson' spoems was the programme, and several selections were read and talked over. The meeting was exceedingly pleasant.

After the Department carried out its programme, the regular Sorosis organization held a business meeting at 4.30 P. M. The principal business was the discussion of arrangements for a social entertainment and a committee was appointed to arrange a luncheon or reception. A gentleman who is in the city to lecture appeared before the ladies and proposed to deliver a course of six lectures under the auspices of Sorosis. The matter was taken under advisement.

County School Board.

Aside from the consideration of a movement looking to the establishment of a public school at the new factory, reference to which is made elsewhere, there was very little of importance transacted at the meeting of the County School Board, which met in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Col. W. A. Johnson, the chairman, presided and Capt. Donald MacRae and Mr. W. H. Sprunt, the other members of the board were present. Treasurer Green and Capt. E. W. Manning, the county superintendent, were also in attendance upon the meeting.

Bills for current expenses and the monthly report of Treasurer Green were audited and approved. The semi-annual apportionment for the six months ending June 30th of the school funds was made to the several districts after which an adjournment was taken.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR THE DELGADO VILLAGE.

The County Board With Co-operation of President Holt Will Maintain One for Operatives—Church Also.

The thriving little village which has sprung up magic-like around the new Delgado mills at the Mineral Springs in the out skirts of the city, is to have among other commendable things a first class school, the building for which will probably be well under way by the time the machinery is put into operation.

Capt. Ed Wilson Manning, county superintendent of public instruction, perceiving the need of such an institution for the new town, yesterday morning had an interview with Mr. E. C. Holt, president of the mill, regarding this matter. Mr. Holt received the proposition very favorably, in fact he said that he was about to make known his desires in this direction when he was approached by Capt. Manning and that he would gladly contribute and bend all his energies toward the maintenance of a good school at the factory. There will be in the course of about a month, Mr. Holt said, some eighty-five or more families residing in the cottages about the mill and a safe calculation would be that one pupil from each family would attend.

The idea is to have the building erected and then, Capt. Manning says, the county will maintain an efficient public school at the place with no cost to the parents. The matter, upon the suggestion of Mr. Holt, was taken up at the meeting of the school board yesterday afternoon and referred to the superintendent and chairman with power to act as they think best in the matter.

Mr. Holt also said yesterday that it was not only his purpose to aid in providing a school for the employes, but that at an early day a movement would be made to establish a church in the village for the convenience of residents.

Operatives for the mill are arriving daily and the cottages in the village are being rapidly filled. Six came in yesterday via the northbound A. C. L. train from Alamance county.

LEE DAY CELEBRATION.

Programme Will Embrace Military Parade, Address by Junius Davis, Esq., and Lunch for Veterans.

There is every indication that the celebration of Lee's birthday on next Friday, by the Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, Sons of Veterans, and military organizations in general, will be a success from every point of view and an event in every respect worthy of the great Confederate hero.

Captain James I. Metts, Commander of Cape Fear Camp No. 254, and chairman of the joint committee of arrangements, said yesterday in speaking of the proposed celebration, that the time for preparation is too short for any elaborate programme, but that the exercises will consist of a military parade from the W. L. I. armory, at 3 o'clock, to the Opera House where a short address will be delivered by Junius Davis, Esq., after which refreshments will be served in the City Hall by the ladies of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

In the procession will be the Cape Fear Camp of Veterans, together with all other veterans honorably discharged from service who may wish to participate in the exercises; members of the Third N. C. Infantry Association; the Wilmington Light Infantry; the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves; the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Second Regiment Band. Veterans from the town and surrounding country are cordially invited to attend.

Not only are veterans invited, but everybody is expected to go to the Opera House and hear the address. To that end the committee requests that on this day the proprietors of business houses close their doors in memory of General Lee, thereby affording themselves and their employes an opportunity of properly observing the day.

The joint committee is composed as follows: From Cape Fear Camp, Capt. W. R. Kenan, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Mr. G. J. Boney and Capt. James I. Metts; from the Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. W. M. Parsley, Mrs. James Carmichael and Mrs. Martin S. Willard. There is also a committee from the Sons of Veterans which is assisting in the arrangements.

Downpour of Rain.

Yesterday was one of the "rainiest" of the rainy days in Wilmington this year There was a perfect downpour almost the entire afternoon; the streets were flooded and travellers on foot upon more than one occasion had opportunity to remark upon the generosity of Jupiter Pluvius. Toward night, however, the rain ceased and the Weather Bureau to-day promises fair conditions. Very few wash-outs and overflows were reported. Near corner of Second and Orange streets there was considerable damage from the flood. The streets were badly washed and a house was reported undermined.

First Shad of the Season.

The first shad of the season were on sale in Front street market yesterday. There were nine pretty fish and they were caught down the river by some fishermen Wednesday evening. They sold at $1.12½ per pair and were bought by Mr. Joseph H. Hinton, steward at The Orton, who always gets the best in the land for his table. They were on the menu for dinner yesterday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. DeLos Thomas, of Winston, is a guest of The Orton.

— Mr. William Gilchrist has gone to Washington on a business trip.

— Mr. J. H. McKay, of McKay, is in the city making business calls.

— Mr. L. K. McCormic, of Rowland, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. A. H. Corbett, of Ivanhoe, N. C., is in the city on a business trip.

— Mr. Martin S. Willard returned yesterday morning from Raleigh.

— Mr. J. M. Lee, of South Washington, was in the city on business yesterday.

— Mr. H. J. Lyon, of Lyon's Landing, was here yesterday on a business trip.

— Messrs. G. C. and W. J. Stanley, of Little River, came over to the city last night.

— Rev. Melton Clark, of Florence, arrived yesterday, and is the guest of Mr. B. G. Worth.

— Mr. C. E. Weatherby, of New York, the Rumford baking powder man, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. Geo. H. Bryant, of Long Creek, was here yesterday and made The STAR office a very pleasant call.

— Mr. R. D. Caldwell, of the firm of Caldwell & Carlyle, Lumberton, was here yesterday on business.

— Marsden Bellamy, Esq., Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Esq., and Justice J. M. McGowan returned last evening from Raleigh.

— Capt. A. E. Lynch, one of the popular W. & W. freight conductors, has been transferred to a through run from Florence to South Rocky Mount. Capt. L. C. Jones succeeds him on the W. & W.

RALEIGH'S NEWS BUDGET.

The Fertilizer Rate Case—Republicans Put Out at Publication of Appointments to Speak at Wilmington.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 11.—The directors of the State Normal and Industrial College met at Greensboro tonight. At this meeting the board will formulate its report as to the recent outbreak of fever there and fix the date for reopening the institution. It is stated by one member of the board that the school will not be opened until February 1.

This afternoont a 3 o'clock Special Master E. S. Martin resumed the taking of testimony in the fertilizer rate case. Traffic Manager H. W. B. Glover, and D. Y. Cooper of Henderson were examined. This is probably the last hearing the Special Master will have here in this case.

In the Federal Court this morning the case of the Sydnor Pump and Well Company vs. Rocky Mount Ice Company was compromised by a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for $3,500. The plaintiff's claim was $4,500, while the defendant claimed that it only owed $3,000.

The Republicans here are much put out by the publication in the STAR of the appointment of Butler and Harden to speak at Wilmington on the amendment. It was their intention to keep the matter quiet until such time as they saw fit to announce it.

The people of Weldon are taking steps looking to the establishment of a steamboat line between Weldon and Norfolk. The board of trade has appointed a committee to ascertain the cost of a steamer with a capacity for carrying 250 bales of cotton.

Work will begin within the next two months on an auditorium at Greensboro. It will cost $30,000, and have a seating capacity of 1,460. In it will be offices for the city government, and it will be used as an opera house. It will be built on the site of the old jail, corner Gaston and Elm streets.

Jno. H. Cook, one of the attorneys for Reuben Ross, the negro under sentence of death at Lumberton for rape, is here to-day to see the Governor in regard to getting for Ross a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment. It is not believed that he will succeed. The Governor had Col. Z. P. Smith to make an investigation at Lumberton, while the troops were there, as to the prevailing sentiment as to Ross' guilt or innocence. He found only two people who expressed any doubt that he was guilty.

JUDGE PURNELL'S CHARGE.

To the Jury in the Marshall Case at Raleigh This Week.

The following clear and concise charge of Judge Purnell to the jury in the case against Mr. Marshall at Raleigh this week will be read with interest. Judge Purnell said:

"You have started into this case with the presumption that the defendant is innocent, and the court charges you that the defendant is entitled to that presumption. The burden is upon the government to prove his guilt, and unless this is done beyond a reasonable doubt, the jury's verdict should be 'Not guilty.' Now, in charging you the law I have the right, under the Federal practice, to express to the jury my opinion, warning you that you are not bound by it. But I say to you now that I have no intention of expressing an opinion.

"If you believe Politz and Darkeley, that defendant was engaged in making, aiding or abetting in the making or counterfeiting money, you should return a verdict of 'Guilty.' If you are not satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt, you should say 'Not Guilty.'

"If the defendant, knowing that Politz and Costobelus were engaged in making this counterfeit money, ordered the material, thus aiding and abetting, though he did it as a friend or an attorney, then you should say so. These are the only two theories upon which the government can claim a verdict.

"This is the whole case in a nutshell: Do you believe Politz and Darkeley, or do you believe Marshall, the defendant, as to guilty knowledge? It is exclusively in your province to say whether you believe the testimony of the witnesses."

The charge occupied over a half hour.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO., No. 9 N. Front St.

We offer during this week our entire stock of Ladies' Jackets, Capes and Fur Collarettes.... At Reduced Prices.

Gent's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear

Offered at a Very Low Price.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.—We have a complete and well selected stock of Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Window Shades, and offer them at the "Old Price;" no advance. Those who need any goods in this line will do well to visit us.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,

ja 7 tf Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

Bald-Head Island.

Dr. Ullory, the Chicago capitalist, who owns Bald Head island at the mouth of the Cape Fear river, is fighting a concession asked for by the government in the way of acquiring thirty acres of land for a light house and life saving station on the island. The government, too, desires to build a tramway across the island, which concession Dr. Ullory is also not willing to grant. He has employed Wilmington counsel to fight the case and expresses his determination to keep the land for a game preserve.

Mr. Brooks Resigned.

Mr. J. W. Brooks, of the firm of Brooks & Taylor, Wilmington, has resigned his position as Register of Deeds of Brunswick county and Mr. C. Ed. Taylor has been appointed in his stead, having already qualified and given bond in the sum of $5,000. Mr. Taylor has during the past year served very efficiently as deputy register under Mr. Brooks.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Press Boy Wanted.

A stout boy accustomed to running Job Presses may secure employment for about two weeks by applying at the

ja 9 3t STAR OFFICE.

FOR SALE. . . .

The Clarendon Plantation,

1,800 acres on the Cape Fear river, five miles from Wilmington.

240

ACRES OF RICE LAND.

Has a good comfortable dwelling and several small houses for hands, a 40-HORSE POWER ENGINE with large Pumps, capable of pumping 20,000 GALLONS A MINUTE. Three large Warehouses.

All in good order,
Is offered at a Bargain.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent,
ja 12 5t Wilmington, N. C.

To my Patrons:

The Holiday Trade having passed and the rush having subsided, I am now prepared to furnish you with the

Newest and Freshest assortment of

Candies, Confections and Fruits

in the city.
Prompt service and careful attention to each and every order.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
ja 12 tf 204 Princess street.

RED RUST PROOF And WHITE SPRING OATS.

We are doing our best to please our friends.

FRESH GOODS, NICE STOCK and SMALL MARGIN.

Send us your Spirits, Tar, Cotton, Rosin, Poultry, Timber, Cattle, etc. Quick sales, prompt returns.

All orders filled the day received.

T. D. LOVE.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage. For rates apply to T. D. LOVE, ja 12 tf General Agent.

Seasonable Goods.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for Rob Roy FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 16 tf

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hardware, Tinware,

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We carry large stocks of every thing in our line, to which we invite the special attention of Country Merchants.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,
Orton Building,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

"Don't Swap Horses WHILE CROSSING THE STREAM."

There is solid sense in the above. It is better to keep safe on solid ground before trying something new and untried. For many years smokers have smoked the unmatchable.

"Cuban Blossom" Cigars.

We can't convince you unless you give this Fine Cigar a trial, and then you will be convinced without doubt, and in future be a friend of this famous Cigar. This Cigar contains the choicest selected Havana, being mild and a pleasure to smoke.

We only sell our goods through dealers, as is well understood.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN, Manufacturers' Agents.

ja 9 tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Eastern district of North Carolina. In the matter of D. W. Townsend, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. D. W. Townsend, of Red Springs, in the county of Robeson and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 23rd day of November, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt, under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge. Dated this 9th day of January, A. D., 1900.

D. W. TOWNSEND, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss: On this 10th day of January, A. D. 1900, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had on the same on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1900, before said Court at Fayetteville, in said district, at one thirty o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in the MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in said district, this 10th day of January, A. D. 900.

SAMUEL H. MACRAE,
ja 12 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of C. A. McEachin, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina: C. A. McEachin, of Maxton, in the county of Robeson and state of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 29th day of November, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all of his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge

Dated this 3rd day of January, A. D., 1900.

C. A. McEACHIN, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss: On this 10th day of January, A. D. 1900, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1900, before Samuel H. MacRae, Referee in Bankruptcy, at his office in Fayetteville, in the said district, at one o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district, this tenth day of January, A. D. 1900.

SAMUEL H. MACRAE,
ja 12 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

WARREN'S BILL OF FARE. TO-DAY.

Soups.
Ox Tail, Tomato.

Oysters.
Fried, Stewed, Panned, Broiled and Steamed.

Sandwiches.
Ox Tongue, Ham, Potted Chicken, Pigs' Foot, Sardines.

Steaks.
Porter House and Hamburg.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Milk.

Opposite Masonic Temple.

ja 9 tf

FOR RENT CHEAP.

A DESIRABLE SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE

On Third street,
Between Chesnut and Mulberry.

I have some desirable Real Estate for sale

CUMMING,
Real Estate Agent
dec 26 tf

1900 JANUARY 1900

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon	1	8:52 a.m.	Full Moon	15	2:07 p.m.
First Quarter	8	0:40 a.m.	Third Quarter	23	6:53 p.m.
New Moon	30	8:23 p.m.			

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12.

TO PERPETUATE THE NATIONAL BANKS.

They New York *Sun*, which was, a few years ago, a vigorous champion of the Democratic party, is now quite as vigorous a champion of the Republican party, but it is not in accord with the representatives of the party who are fixing up the new currency schemes. It is opposed to all this business because in the first place it deems a reiteration of the declaration to adhere to the gold standard altogether unnecessary, insisting that this country is now and has been for years on the gold standard. It is opposed to retiring the greenbacks, which it pronounces the best paper money this country ever had, and it is opposed to the Government being in the banking business, tied to the national banks, and holds that the paper currency of the country should be issued by the Government itself. In this it is consistent, for years ago the *Sun* was a greenback paper and supported the greenback candidate for the Presidency. It pronounces the currency schemes now before Congress schemes to perpetuate the national bank system, and gives in the following leading editorial some pretty good reasons why they should not be perpetuated. It says:

"The debt refunding scheme, which the Senate Finance Committee has attached to the House Currency bill, is avowedly intended for the benefit of the national banks. It proposes to create $850,000,000 of 2 per cent. thirty year Government bonds, in order that the banks may take out circulating notes against them to their par value, paying on the notes a tax of only ½ per cent. per annum, and clearing on them a profit of 1½ per cent. per annum.

"By the provisions of the National Bank act, the Government not only guarantees indirectly through its bonds the redemption of national bank currency, but undertakes, directly, should a national bank fail, to redeem its notes at once, selling the bonds afterward to reimburse itself. If the bonds should fail to produce enough to repay what has thus been paid out, the Government gets back the deficiency only after the bank's assets, on which it has a prior lien for it, are liquidated.

"Furthermore, when any national bank, for any reason, surrenders its circulation, it pays the Government an equal amount of lawful money, and the Government thereupon assumes payment of the circulation. The notes thus surrendered become, therefore, the direct debt of the Government. They amounted, in the aggregate, at the beginning of this month, to more than $36,000,000.

"The Government also carries on the work of engraving and printing the bank notes, and of redeeming them out of a 5 per cent. fund of lawful money furnished by the banks for the purpose. It also maintains at an expense of over $200,000, the department of the Comptroller of the Currency at Washington, with nearly one hundred clerks, besides a number of special examiners paid by the banks, to supervise the affairs of 3,700 national banks and to protect the public against loss by their mismanagement.

"The sole justification for all this expense and labor is the furnishing to the people of a safe and sound paper currency. It is not pretended that State supervision would not, in other respects, as amply suffice to ensure the solvency of banking corporations, as that of the Federal Government. It is only because the national banks issue circulating notes to serve as money that the Federal Government takes charge of them.

"Of the two currency bills before Congress, both provide for the maintenance of a paper currency issued directly by the Government, and for its redemption in gold on demand by a sufficient gold redemption fund. One or the other of these two bills is pretty sure to become a law. Then, the Government notes will be as nearly a perfect form of paper money as human wit can devise. The Government, if all else fails, can, to redeem its notes, always levy and collect taxes or sell bonds, whereas banks must wait upon their debtors, and, possibly fail to collect the whole of what these debtors owe them.

These things being so, the perpetuation of the national bank system becomes not only unnecessary, but a source of useless expense to the nation. In the course of the next ten years, the charters of the most of the national banks expire and need not be extended. If their stockholders desire to continue in business they can reincorporate under State laws, losing only the privilege of issuing circulation notes, which never should have been given them. In place of the circulation which will thus be retired, the Government can issue an equal amount of its own notes in redemption of an equal amount of bonds, and thus prevent a contraction of the currency and save considerable interest.

"To make the preparation of national bank currency a part of the Republican programme, is to rise, deliberately and unnecessarily, an issue which the party of Bryanism will be only too happy to take up. The question for the Republican party is: Shall we, by entiring the next Presidential campaign as the champions of national bank money, give to the cause of Bryanism a strength it could not otherwise hope for, or shall we let the banks go?

"Common sense is in favor of answering the question against the banks. Let the national banks go!"

There is much in this that is true and that will be endorsed by people who do not agree with the *Sun* politically. There is no doubt that one of the objects in these currency schemes was to perpetuate the national bank system, and to give those banks a monopoly of the paper currency of the country. That is manifestly the intention, and if the scheme of retiring the greenbacks is carried out then those banks would have absolute control of the volume of paper money and that would mean practically of all the money, for gold and gold certificates figure but little in the actual circulation of the country.

But there is little probability of the framers of these financial schemes paying much attention to the strictures or to the suggestions of the *Sun* as to "letting the national banks go" and in place of the national bank notes giving the country United States notes. This would be abandoning the very purpose with which they started out, which was to perpetuate the national banks and to destroy as soon as practicable the United States notes, instead of perpetuating them, as the *Sun* would do. They haven't the courage to call them in and destroy them, but propose to do this in an underhand way by refusing to pay them out, save in exchange for gold, after they get into the Treasury. That's the way they propose to get rid of the "endless chain" which has given the gold standard people so much trouble and which the *Sun* proposes to make perpetual.

The *Sun* recognizes the fact that the greenback has secured a place in popular estimation which will make it unsafe to attempt to destroy it, for since it has been in existence it has performed all the functions of money and passed current without question, ranking with gold, which the gold people call the world's best money. There are thousands of people, regardless of politics, who if it became an issue between the national banks and greenbacks would vote for greenbacks every time.

This note problem could be very easily solved if Congress would repeal the tax on the circulation of State banks, permitting them to issue notes as they did before that law was enacted. This would solve the problem, but this will not be done while the national banks control the Congress of the United States and dictate its action as they do now.

KEEP DOWN THE ACREAGE.

At the meeting of the Commissioners of Agriculture of the Cotton States, at New Orleans, Thursday, President Stevens, of Georgia, in his address, dwelt on the importance to the cotton planters, and the South generally, of keeping the cotton acreage down, and the crop within 9,000,000 bales. He urged the Commissioners of the respective States to do all they can to impress this upon the cotton growers, and also the necessity of diversifying their crops and raising all their own food supplies, if they raise none to sell.

Mr. Stevens has been working on this line for several years, and has shown his wisdom in so doing. There is money for the planter and prosperity for the South in a crop that comes within the world's demand for cotton; there is loss of money to the planter and adversity to the South in a crop that exceeds the world's demand for consumption. If this was not apparent on the simple statement the experience of the past proves it.

The price is largely if not altogether made by the size of the crop produced in this and in other countries. A short crop always means higher prices, an excessive crop always lower prices, so low sometimes that they barely cover the cost of production, and in those sections where fertilizers are largely used do not cover it, so that the planter with his big crop gets nothing for his labor or investment and finds himself worse off at the end of the year than at the beginning.

Some of the cotton houses in the North are also urging a reduction of acreage, one of which, McCormick & Co., of New York, support its advice with the following presentation of figures:

"Eleven million bales at 5 cents per pound yields $275,000,000; 9,000,000 bales of cotton at 7 cents per pound yields $315,000,000. It will thus be seen that the smaller crop yields in money returns to the planter on the above basis $40,000,000 more than the larger crop, and, after allowing for the increased expense consequent upon the cultivation of the larger crop, say, probably not less than $30,000,000, the profit to the South on the smaller crop is probably $70,000,000 greater than on the larger one."

This is simply a business proposition that any one with any sense can see through at a glance. A crop within the world's demand means a fair price, above the world's demand means a low price, so that as a matter of business and common sense, the crop should be kept as near as practically within the world's demand for consumption.

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctor said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

HOW COTTON MILLS HELP THE POOR.

Cotton mills are not only institutions for converting the comparatively cheap raw material produced into higher priced form thereby adding to the wealth of the section in which they are operated, but they are a public benefit in several other ways, one of which is stated in the following, which we clip from the Charlotte *Observer*:

"Cotton mills have done a great deal for the poor white people of North Carolina,' said a prominent cotton mill man yesterday. 'We now have in this State about 250 cotton mills. These employ 35,000 operatives who represent 12,000 families. Each family is practically supported by the wages of the members that are mill operatives. These families average five members each, which means that 60,000 people in this State alone are directly fed and clothed by cotton mills.

"Prior to the general establishment of mills in the South these operatives eked out a bare existence on small rented farms. The almost abject poverty of this kind of living has been seen by all of us in some phase. In many instances very large families—sometimes numbering 12 or 15 persons, all told—are forced to obtain a miserable livelihood from the soil.

"To these people cotton factories bring a respectable salvation in the way of living. As a rule, from three to six members get employment, and thereby all of them are enabled, as we daily see, to thrive in comparative affluence. In other words their condition is infinitely bettered and they are, consequently, happier and better citizens. They see and feel the difference between having to subsist on from $100 to $180, on the farms, and from $600 to $1,200 in the mills. If you compute this on an annual basis for the total number of families you will find that on the farm there was made by the total number of families mentioned $8,400,000, whereas, in the mills the same families earn $54,000,000.

"As for the rest, cotton mills are really becoming great educational institutions, as there is scarcely a mill in the State that doesn't make provision for the education of its operatives.

"Look at the matter any way you like and you will find that the mills are our best and most humane economic institutions."

Even if the cotton mills were not large dividend payers there should be enough in this to stimulate public interest in them and spur up every community to have one or more.

WHAT A MISCALCULATION.

It is not strange that the English papers show little respect for the management of the Transvaal war, or that the British people have little confidence in it, when at the end of three months warfare they cannot show what might be called a victory, and when they have not gained a foot of ground or been able to raise the siege of beleaguered Ladysmith and Kimberly, and in that time have sustained a loss of at least 7,000 men (including many officers) in killed, wounded, missing and prisoners; in return for which they have killed a small number of Boers and hold a handful of prisoners. The casualty list numbers more than half the number of men they said, before the war broke out, would be necessary to bring the Boers to terms, which they boastfully declared would be done before Christmas.

They now have, instead of the 12,000 or 15,000 men they said would be needed, 120,000 in the field and 30,000 more ordered to join them, and have found it necessary to send their two greatest generals to take direction of officers. And yet they are held at bay on their own territory, the Transvaal threshold has not been reached, and the war which was to be such a trifling offence has scarcely fairly begun. No wonder that management is discredited and that Englishmen feel not only indignant but humiliated.

And the end may not be yet, for further reverses may encourage other nations not friendly to Great Britain to take advantage of her embarrassments, as Russia is said to be doing on the Persian border. There is no telling when such rackets begin where they will end.

The paws of affliction have fallen heavily on India. In addition to the food famine which prevails throughout a district inhabited by about 15,000,000 people, there is a water famine and cattle are dying by the thousands from thirst. Fowles are being taken up, each one seeking food for itself, and thousands of children are abandoned by their parents.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Wilmington District, R. F. Bumpass, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, January 13, 14.
Magnolia, Magnolia, Jan. 20, 21.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, Jan. 27, 28.
Carvers Creek, Wymans, Feb. 3, 4.
Scott's Hill, Prospect, Jan. 30.
Wilmington, Grace, Feb. 11, 12.
Bladen, Center, Feb. 17, 18.
Clinton, Johnson's, Feb. 24, 25.
Kenansville, Kenansville, March 2, 4.
Waccamaw, Bethesda, March 9.
Whiteville, Whiteville, March 10, 11.
Zion, Zion, Feb. 6.
Atlantic, Concord, Feb. 7.
Onslow, Bethlehem, March 18, 19.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give her no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the Best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Guaranteed. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The penitentiary has contracted to furnish 100 convicts to build a railway from Goldsboro eastward through Snow Hill and 100 to build a railway from Aberdeen toward Fayetteville.

— Mount Olive *Advertiser*: A faint conception of the magnitude of the commercial fertilizer business of this place can be formed when we state that there were six dealers at this place last year, and one of the six sold nearly $9,000 worth.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Nat Hammons, a white man, was shot and killed by Policeman Hub Brown, at Mayodan, Friday night. A coroner's investigation was held Saturday night and the jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

— Charlotte *News*: The farmers of this section are very much disturbed on account of the scarcity of water in their wells. One prominent farmer informed a *News* reporter to-day that the wells in his section are in a worse condition than at any time during the summer months.

— Salisbury *Sun*: The late cold spell afforded a splendid opportunity for the storing away of ice, and many of the farmers availed themselves of the opportunity. In Franklin township, Mr. H. G. Miller tells us, it is estimated that 300 tons were saved. Some of the ice was eight inches thick, and ice three inches thick formed in three days where thicker ice had already been gathered.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Mill No. 2 of the Southern Saw Mill and Lumber Company shipped four car loads of lumber to Ontario, Canada, last week. It was about half of an order received from there.—— The dwelling and smoke house of Mrs. Delaney Wishart, about two miles from town, was destroyed by fire last Wednesday. There is some insurance, but not enough to cover the loss.

— Greensboro *Record*: Messrs. Hare and Reese, of the revenue office here, made a raid in Randolph county Tuesday, capturing early in the morning a still and fixtures and two men, Julius York and Joe Langley, who were caught right on the grounds. They ran, or tried to, but were caught. On the way to Greensboro York got loose and made a dash for liberty, but was again captured, and both men were brought to town.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— In addition to maintaining his heroism, Gen. Joe Wheeler seems to have been able to grab off a good sized bunch of Alabama census appointments. When it comes to all-round work the general comes very near knowing his business.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The German press is working up a fever of excitement in that country over the seizure of German ships by British men-of-war. Popular indignation is rising, and perhaps the most significant feature of the affair is that the Government is apparently making no effort to stop the tumult. Lord Salisbury and his Cabinet cannot afford to let the State of things continue long.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— Richard P. Leary, captain in the United States Navy and Governor of the island of Guam, appears to run affairs in that particular dependency as if he were still on shipboard. He has forbidden the sale or transfer of land without Government consent, and has also forbidden the exportation of hogs, cattle, fowls, eggs, rice, corn and sweet potatoes. Leary is a dandy.—*Phila, delphia Record, Dem.*

—— Under present conditions India can be of little help to England in South Africa either in military or financial direction. The famine and the plague are both active there, and Lord Curzon, the Viceroy, cables to London that two and a half millions of the population under his administration would die of starvation but for the food supplied by the Government. The peninsula is loyal enough, but for the present has its hand full with its own troubles.—*New York Tribune, Rep.*

TWINKLINGS.

—Teacher—"What happens when a man's temperature goes down as far as it can go?" Smart Scholar—"He has cold feet, ma'am."—*Christian Register.*

— A Dewey Joke—"What is the difference between Dewey and a floor walker?" "One sails about the seas and the other sees about the sales."—*Judge.*

— Accounting For It: Walton—"I assure you sir, that some of the best fish stories are never told." Calton—"Yes; I suppose fishermen are occasionally drowned."

— Mamma—"Did Mr. Smiddle say anything that leads you to think that he intends to propose?" Daughter—"He asked me if there was a mortgage on the house."—*Boston Transcript.*

— A Difficulty: Placer Steve (in his first experience with a bill of fare)—"Hay, thar!" Waiter—"Yes, sir." Placer Steve—"I've et from hyar ter hyar. Kin I skip from thar ter thar an' eat on ter ther bottom?"

— His Line: "I understand," said the neighbor, "that your husband is a dramatic critic." "No," replied the little woman bitterly; "he is even worse than that. He is a household critic."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Agriculture: His enemies were accusing him of being a merely theoretical farmer. "For," they argued, "you once came back from a visit to New York City with a dollar in your pocket!" "It was a counterfeit dollar!" shrieked the man desperately.—*Detroit Journal.*

— They had a dispute and they had agreed to have it to the military expert. 'What bullet," they asked, "do you consider the deadliest?" For several minutes he remained in a brown study. Then he looked up with the air of one who had settled the matter finally and definitely. "The one that hits," he said.—*Chicago Post.*

— "Didn't you misspell a word in your letter?" asked the friend. "You mean the letter I wrote by hand?" asked Senator Sorgum. "Yes," "I suppose so. I don't mind spelling one or two long words wrong under those circumstances. A man as busy as I am, you know, is supposed to have people hired to do his spelling for him."—*Washington Star.*

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 10 for 5c.

THE PIANO.

Its Proper Placing and Appropriate Decoration.

The piano is primarily intended as an instrument of music, but this fact seems often to be forgotten, to judge from the placing and general arrangement of it frequently seen. It is placed flat against the wall, smothered in draperies, loaded with books and bric-a-brac and treated as if it were a simple piece of furniture like a couch or cabinet. Of course only a small proportion of persons owning pianos can afford a separate music room, appropriately arranged, and so the piano must be placed in the drawing or sitting room, where cushions, curtains, carpets and furniture deaden its tone to a great degree. To make the best of it in an unfavorable situation is not difficult, however, first by placing it properly—that is, at an angle with the wall or away from it altogether—and then by using only a small amount of light drapery and never permitting any object to stand upon the top of the instrument. Moreover, there are small glass sockets which are to be obtained in which the feet of the piano may be placed, thus insulating it completely from the floor and securing a clearer tone.

Today's picture illustrates a loose traveling cloak of thin cloth. It is straight, with a slight curve under the arm and no seam in the middle of the back. The front is cut in deep points, the little pelerine being cut to match, and both being trimmed with stitching. Down each side of the front are large buttons and frogs, placed close together. The collar is flaring and is cut in points. The toque is of straw bordered with black velvet and trimmed with large roses.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

TRAVELING COAT.

THIN FABRICS.

The Various Ways In Which They Are Employed.

Plaited and tucked skirts are often used for the thinner class of materials. Sometimes the upper part of the skirt is entirely tucked, the lower part being left free to form a flounce; sometimes there are panels of tucks, or the tucks alternate with bands of flat trimming, such as insertion or embroidery. The tucks may be straight or oblique.

When wide insertion is used as a decoration, a new idea is to run a band of velvet ribbon in and out of each side of it.

A great many foulard gowns are seen. They are of light or bright color, with small but attractive designs, and rose and blue are favorite colors. Lace and very narrow black velvet ribbon are the usual trimming.

SILK WRAPPER.

Nearly all bodices now have a guimpe of mousseline de soie or taffeta, adorned with plaitings, incrustations or applications. If this arrangement is not adopted, the upper part is still lavishly decorated in some way, that being at present the decree of fashion.

A picture is given of a wrapper of pink surah. The upper part is trimmed with two bands of insertion, which are applied in V's and simulate a bolero. A deep flounce of surah reaches midway up the skirt and is bordered by a ruffle of lace and a band of insertion and headed by a band of insertion. The sleeves are trimmed to match the flounce. A frill of lace encircles the collar and forms coquilles down the front. A bow of pink ribbon is placed at the throat.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

STAGE GLINTS.

Bessie Sears, who retired from the stage several years ago, will return next season.

Steele Mackaye's play, "Paul Kauvar," is to be revived the coming season by E. R. Spencer and Isabel Pengra.

Louis Schumann, son of the great composer, died recently in Koldits. Like his father, he suffered from brain disease.

When Olga Nethersole returns to this country next season, she will have an exclusively American company to support her.

Lettice Fairfax has been engaged for a long period by Beerbohm Tree. She appears as Constance in his revival of "The Musketeers."

The remains of the late Johann Strauss are to find a permanent resting place in Vienna between the graves of Schubert and Brahms.

Dore Davidson, who has recently acquired the acting rights to "His Last Chance," expects to arrange for a production of it in London next fall.

Heinrich Conried has sailed for Europe to visit Berlin, Budapest and Carlsbad. He will return to reopen the Irving Place theater, New York, on Oct. 1.

Arthur Pinero is so exacting as a stage manager that he compels the actresses in his plays to get their gowns from different dressmakers in order that the toilets may express individuality.

FOR A THOROUGH CLEANSING AND BUILDING UP OF YOUR WHOLE SYSTEM TAKE DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery

POWERFUL BUT HARMLESS

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		6½	6¾
Standard		6¾	6¾
Burlaps		5	15½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	14½		15
Sides ℔	5½		6
Shoulders ℔			6
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		6	6¼
Shoulders ℔			6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 15		1 20
New New York, each			1 25
New City, each			1 35
Extra mill			25
BEESWAX ℔			
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M		5 00	7 00
Northern		9 00	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔		18	20
Northern		27	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		46	47½
Virginia Meal			47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle			1 10
CANDLES—℔			
Sperm		18	25
Adamantine		8	11
CHEESE—℔			
Northern Factory		16	18
Dairy Cream			18
State		14	15
COFFEE—℔			
Laguyra		13	16
Rio		8	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard			5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s			70
EGGS—℔ dozen		14	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel		22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl		11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel		16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl		8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel		13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		3 75	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel			3 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg		3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔		5	10
Extra		4 35	4 50
FLOUR—℔			
Low grade			3 00
Choice			3 50
Straight		3 75	3 90
First Patent		4 25	4 50
GLUE—℔		12½	15
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		52	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White			50
Oats, from store		38	40
Oats, Rust Proof			45
Cow Peas		60	65
HIDES—℔			
Green salted			6½
Dry flint		10	12½
Dry salt			19
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay		85	90
Rice Straw		40	50
Eastern		80	85
Western		80	85
North River		80	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		3½	4
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern		6	6¼
North Carolina		8	10
LIME, ℔ barrel		1 15	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed		18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank		15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality		13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned		18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n		14 00	15 00
Common mill		5 00	6 50
Fair mill		6 50	8 00
Prime mill		8 50	10 00
Extra mill		10 00	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead			25
Barbadoes, in barrels			28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		28	30
Porto Rico, in barrels		25	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads		13	14
Sugar House, in barrels		14	15
Syrup, in barrels		15	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		2 50	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		10 00	10 50
Rump			9 50
Prime			9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔		10	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum			1 25
Liverpool		90	95
American		85	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks			60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M		5 00	6 50
Common		1 60	2 25
Cypress Saps		2 50	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		5½	5¾
Standard A		4¾	5
White Extra C			4⅝
Extra C, Golden			4¾
C, Yellow			4⅛
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		3½	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel		5 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead			10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		9 00	10 00
Mill, Prime		7 50	8 75
Mill, Fair		6 50	7 00
Common Mill		5 00	6 00
Inferior to ordinary		3 50	5 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart		7 50	8 50
" Sap		5 00	6 00
5x20 Heart		3 00	3 50
" Sap		2 00	2 50
6x24 Heart		6 00	6 50
" Sap		5 00	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔			6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern		1 00	2 00
North Carolina		1 00	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed		14	18

BEAUTY SPOTS.

Try lemon juice to remove stains on the nails. It must be well rinsed off afterward and the fingers carefully dried.

Oranges eaten before breakfast have a wonderfully beautifying effect on the complexion and can do no harm if eaten in moderation.

Sweet almond oil alone agrees excellently with some skins. Try it for a day or two. Nearly every skin requires different treatment, and the only plan is to experiment.

Fruit stains are often difficult to remove, especially when much fruit has to be picked by hand. Oxalic acid diluted will be found most useful and should be used as soon as the stains appear.

Nothing is better for sallow complexions than bathing in elder flower water. At night this should be allowed to dry on the skin. In the morning wash the face in the usual way, bathe with the elder flower lotion for a few minutes, wipe with a soft towel and finish off with a soft, clean chamois leather.

A Mother's Duty is to see to it that her children begin early in life to shampoo their heads regularly once a week. In each instance, after the hair is thoroughly dry, some mild, health-giving tonic should be applied to the scalp to aid nature in creating the best possible growth of uniformly colored, lustrous, healthy hair—the most important feature in the make-up of beautiful women and handsome men. For more than fifteen years, the

7 Sutherland Sisters' Scalp Cleaner

has stood at the apex of all shampoo washes, while the "HAIR GROWER" has been equally successful in its efforts to return the injured scalp and almost lifeless hair to their original healthfulness.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 50 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 49½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.60 per barrel for hard, $2.90 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin quiet at 97½c@$1 02½; tar steady at $1.10; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30@2.30, 2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	45
Rosin	513
Tar	129
Crude turpentine	84

Receipts same day last year.—33 casks spirits turpentine, 359 bbls rosin, 245 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 13-16 cts. ℔
Good ordinary	6 3-16 " "
Low middling	6 13 16 " "
Middling	7¼ " "
Good middling	7⅝ " "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—1,993 bales; same day last year, 332.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 85c. Extra prime, 90c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1 05 Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Money on call was easier at 3@5½ per cent., last loan at 3 per cent., ruling rate was 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per ct. Sterling exchange heavy; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾ for demand and at 483¼ for sixty days. Posted rates were 484½ and 488½. Commercial bills 482@483. Silver certificates 58¾@59½. Bar silver 58¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. 2's, reg'd, 102½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109¾; do. coupon, 110; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U.S. old 4's, reg'd, 113¾; do coupon, 113¾; U. S. 5's, registered, 112¾; do. coupon, 112¾; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 106; Southern Railway 5's 106½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 57⅞; Chesapeake & Ohio 29¾; Manhattan L 92½; New York Central 133⅜; Reading 17½; do. 1st preferred 49½; St. Paul 116; do. preferred 170; Southern Railway 11; do. preferred 53; American Tobacco, 98½; do. preferred 135; People's Gas 102¾; Sugar 114⅜; do. preferred off'd 110; T. C. & Iron 80⅛; U. S. Leather 16¼; do. preferred 73½; Western Union 85¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, January 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 49c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales 250 barrels. Quote: B, C, D, E, $1 20; F, $1 30; G, $1 35; H, $1 65; I, $1 70; K, $1 80; M, $2 10; N, $2 60; W G, $3 05; W W, $3 55.

SAVANNAH, January 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 50c; sales 1,223 casks; receipts 265 casks; exports — casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,395 barrels; receipts 3,751 barrels; exports — barrels: A, B, C, D, $1 15; E, $1 20; F, $1 30; G, $1 40; H, $1 70; I, $1 80; K, $1 90; M, $2 15; N, $2 65, W G, $3 15; W W, $3 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 11.—The cotton trade at large continues to show a halting attitude and the volume of business to-day is quite small, although Liverpool cables were better than expected and the movement of the crop in this country was still small, in contradiction of forecasts of an expanding movement. The market opened firm at an advance of five to seven points and continued to rule generally firm, although quiet, throughout the session at the best point, showing a net gain of five to ten points, with the improvement helped by Wall street, Southern and European buying as well as covering by shorts, following conflicting political news from abroad and respecting the true condition of affairs in South Africa. Continued bullish accounts from the Southern markets were also a factor on which the markets here closed steady and quiet at a net gain of two to four points.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 7⅝c.

Futures closed quiet and steady: January 7.27, February 7.26, March 7.30, April 7.33, May 7.36, June 7.38, July 7.40, August 7.38, September 6.91, October 6.80, November 6 76.

Spot cotton closed steady and 1-16c higher; middling uplands 7⅝c; middling gulf 7¾c; sales 239 bales.

Net receipts 176 bales; gross receipts 461 bales; exports to Great Britain 131 bales; exports to the Continent 875 bales; stock 117,933 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 18,204 bales; exports to Great Britain 131; exports to the Continent 16,352 bales; stock 995,140 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 125,237 bales; exports to Great Britain 39,051 bales; exports to France 17,928 bales; exports to the Continent 70,371 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 4,176,964 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,100,192 bales; exports to France 468,995 bales; exports to the Continent 1,265,554 bales.

Jan. 11.—Galveston, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 3,477 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7 7-16, net receipts 2,093 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7¾c, net receipts 1,753 bales; Boston, firm at 7 9-16c, net receipts 210 bales; Wilmington, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 1,993 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 7¾c, receipts 446 bales; Savannah, steady at 7 5-16c, net receipts 4,493 bales; New Orleans, firm at 7 5-16c, net receipts 3,341 bales; Mobile, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 51 bales; Memphis, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 1,344 bales; Augusta, firm at 7¾c, net receipts 1,093 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7¼c, net receipts 171 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SERIES NO. 19.

Mechanics' Home Association.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE ORDERED SERIES NINETEEN TO BE ISSUED

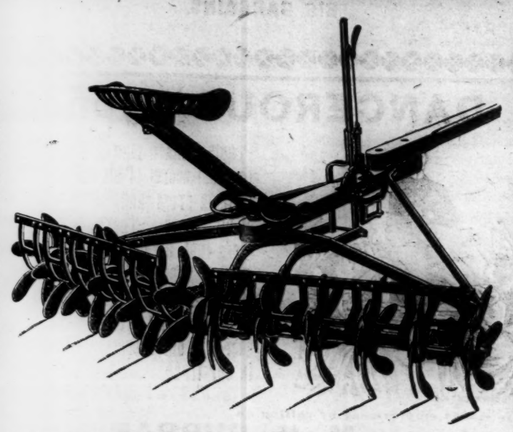
Payments will begin on Saturday 6th January, 1900. This Association is one of the largest and most successful in the State; controlling ample capital we are always able to accommodate our stockholders.
Subscription list is now open at the office of

NATHL. JACOBI, President. W. M. CUMMING, Secretary.

dec 30 2w

THE MORGAN PATENT SPADING HARROW.

FOR FALL PLOWING



Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

Especially if the soil be heavy or packed by rains, the Spading Harrow will show its great superiority over all others. For deep and fine cultivation no other Harrow equals it.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Purcell Building, Wilmington, N C.

nov 16 tf

$600 Worth...

of Drummers' Millinery Samples on sale at

THE LOT CONSISTS OF **THE BEE HIVE.**

All kinds of Hats, Plumes, Tips, Feathers, Ornaments, Infants' Caps, &c. We Bought them very much below regular value, and we are selling them wonderfully cheap. You are invited to come and look over the lot and make selections if you look you will buy at **THE BEE HIVE, W. H. GAYLORD, Prop.**

JUST OPENED UP, EVERYTHING NEW.

W. H. GAYLORD'S New Clothing Department is the place to go to get anything that Men or Boys wear. We have just gotten in a fine new line of Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Pants, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, McIntoshee, Umbrellas, &c.

Give us a call. We are at No. 115 South Front street, two doors from The Bee Hive.

W. H. GAYLORD.

nov 10 tf

The National Bank of Wilmington,

Wilmington, N. C.

JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, PRES.

The National Bank of Wilmington was organized in June, 1894; has paid out $24,000.00 in dividends, and passed $19,000.00 to surplus. Eighth dividend now payable.

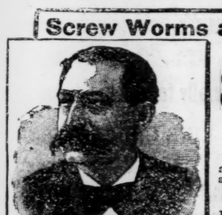
Capital and Surplus, $119,000.00.
Total Assets, - - - - 525,000.00.

In addition to the above it is worthy of note that we own $117,800.00 in U. S. and other bonds, which we carry at par—all of which are at a handsome premium.

Your Account Respectfully Solicited. Absolute Safety Assured. Polite and courteous attention extended to our customers.

dec 28 tf

Screw Worms and Ticks . .



Are Instantly Killed when

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is used. Also kills a Spavin, Curb or Splint. Cures a Cut, Kick or Bruise, and Foot Rot in Cattle and Sheep.

Sloan's Liniment is an invaluable remedy for man as well as beast. Taken internally, it cures Cramps and Colic. It is the

Best Antiseptic Known.

Every bottle is warranted. Sold by druggists and dealers generally. Family size, 25c. Horse size, 50c. and $1.00

Prepared by DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Boston, Mass.

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS
North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 5, 1899.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington daily at 3:05 P. M., Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:19 P. M., Laurinburg 6:34 P. M., arriving at Hamlet 6:58 P. M., where connection is made with trains for Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South, Southeast and Southwest. Also with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 . M., Richmond 9:00 P M., Portsmouth 8:45 . M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 . M., Sanford 3:53 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:58 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Ruther fordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:58 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 5:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For speed, safety and comfort travel by the Seaboard Air Line.

For further information, sleeping car reservations, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C., or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Mang'r.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. nov 7 tf

Vegetable Baskets.

A CAR-LOAD JUST IN.

SEED POTATOES.

Time to cast about for BEST SEED. WE HAVE THEM.

Get our prices on

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS

before placing your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL, WHOLESALE GROCERS.

dec 30 tf

A SKILLED TRIO.

Call at No. 7 South Front street, where you will find E. W. Guion, Cornelius Davis and Henry Harris, three of the most accomplished Barbers in the city. Send your children to us to have their hair cut. Shave only 10 cents. Boys' haircut 20 cents.

oct 17 tf GUION & DAVIS

THE
Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 13
RICHMOND ..... Saturday, Jan. 20

From Wilmington for New York.
RICHMOND ..... Saturday, Jan. 13
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 20

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
RICHMOND ..... Tuesday, Jan. 9
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Jan. 16

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. ja 9 tf

STATEMENT.

The Murchison National Bank.

DECEMBER 30, 1899.

Loans and discounts	$304,869 89
U. S. bonds	112,000 00
Premiums	9,840.00
Other b nds	2,000 00
Office furniture	750 00
Revenue stamps	468.12
Five per cent. redemption fund	2,700 00
Cash on hand and in banks	191,526.74
	$624,154.45
Capital stock	$200 000.00
Profit less expense	15,434.30
Circulation	54 000 00
Deposits	354,720 25
	$624,154.45

ja 2 tf

200 Boxes Tobacco.

400 Boxes Lye.
240 Boxes Laundry Soap.
50 Barrels Rice.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
25 Half Barrels Cider.
50 Barrels Molasses.
100 Boxes Potted Ham.
50 Boxes Corned Beef.
100 Boxes Starch.
50 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
50 Bags Cocoanuts.
100 Barrels Mullets.

Tobacco, Cigars, Cheroots and quantities of other goods

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
ov 26 tf No. 12 Market street.

Criminals as Missionaries.

A western lawyer, A. J. Sawyer, recommends that the criminals of the United States be sent to the Philippines as missionaries. We have thousands of convicts, says he, who to our

A. J. SAWYER.

civilization are mischievous and dangerous. To the Filipino they would be an invaluable help. They would become industrious missionaries, better than Christian missionaries for being more like the rogues among whom they would be sent.

Goes to Catch Aguinaldo.

With the express purpose of capturing Aguinaldo, the Filipino leader, Colonel Edward M. Hayes is going to

COLONEL EDWARD M. HAYES.

Manila. He goes in command of the Fourth United States cavalry, and, while he will not have the authority to make an independent campaign, he will keep his eyes open for a chance to realize his ambition.

Long Distance Automobilist.

The first woman to attempt a long distance automobile tour is Mrs. John D. Davis. She started with her hus-

MRS. JOHN D. DAVIS.

band on a trip across the continent in a motor carriage. The start was in July, made from New York city, and Mr. and Mrs. Davis expected to reach San Francisco in about a month. To go from ocean to ocean by road they will have to travel about 3,700 miles.

Godmother of Cup Defenders.

The foremost yachtswoman in America is Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin. She has fully earned the title of "Godmother of Cup Defenders." The coming struggle for the trophy is the second with

MRS. C. OLIVER ISELIN.

which she has been identified. As the wife of the managing owner of the Columbia Mrs. Iselin could be still more conspicuous, but she is naturally modest and abhors notoriety.

THREE THINGS.

Three things to love—courage, gentleness and affection.

Three things to fight for—honor, country and home.

Three things to govern—temper, tongue and conduct.

Three things to hate—cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.

Three things to delight in—frankness, freedom and beauty.

Three things to avoid—idleness, loquacity and flippant jesting.

Three things to wish for—health, friends and a cheerful spirit.

Three things to admire—intellectual power, dignity and gracefulness.

Three things to think about—life, death and eternity.—Exchange.

Wonderful Cornstalk.

Six different commodities are now being manufactured from cornstalks—namely, cellulose, worth $400 a ton, used by the government as an automatic hole stopper for battleships; excellent cardboard, a fine grade of paper, an unequaled foundation for dynamite, a patent cattle food and a superior glue. The value of the cellulose lining for warships is well known. When a leak develops, the cellulose swells in such a manner as to automatically close it. With 15 tons of stalks, worth $90, one ton of such cellulose is made, for which, as already stated, the government is now paying at the rate of $400 a ton.

"SEEING STARS,"

when not brought about through violence, is a pronounced symptom, showing need of glasses. Bright flashing, fire-like stars and spots, that occasionally float before the vision, MEAN SOMETHING; mean there is some constant, wearing, insidious DRAIN on the surplus nerve force of the physical system.

Nice times out of ten, this drain comes through defective eyes. If YOU "see stars," do not you also see that the sensible course is to ascertain the cause? We can tell you if the trouble be in your eyes.

DINGELHOEF BROS., SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS, Parlor No. 123 Market street

ja 7 tf

Fresh shipments of W. L. Douglass SHOES for men and boys.

And they are growing more famous every day.

Also, for Ladies' and Misses' wear, the Duttenhofer and "Jenness Miller."

They are making new friends every day.

Get in the RUSH if you want a pair for Xmas or New Year's.

MERCER & EVANS.

63½ steps east from corner Front, 63½ west from corner Second. dec 19 tf

FOR THE NEW YEAR

We will offer to the trade at the Lowest Prices,

Selected brands of Flour, Water Ground Meal, Soap, Sugar, Starch,

and other Standard Groceries, including

Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.

Thanking our customers for their past favors, we shall by satisfactorily supplying their wants, endeavor to merit their continued support.

RICE STRAW.

WILLIAMS BROS.,

dec 31 tf 16 and 18 North Water street.

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON N. C.

At the Close of Business Dec. 2nd, 1899, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 888,971.54
Overdrafts		8 79
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,600.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've agt's	$ 79,160.28	
Due from other banks	169,160.99	
Cash on hand	79,331.51	327,652 78
Total		$1,322,233.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 195,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		101,784.40
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	207,693.55	
Deposits from individuals	731,715.16	
Certificates of Deposit	35,000.00	1,024,408.71
Total		$1,322,233.11

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Dec. 2, '97.	Dec. 2, '98.	Dec. 2, '99.
Total deposits	$672,000	$874,500	$1,024,000
Surplus and net profits	78,400	87,500	101,784

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1892. dec 8 tf

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--

LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads

LARGE AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.

Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON, Proprietress, GIBSON, N. C.

aug 17 tf D&W

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, House Furnishing Goods.....

Our Motto, No Fancy Prices.

WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.

Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.

O. P. CAZAUX & CO.

ja 7 tf

The Particular Man

Is always careful where he buys his furnishings. He goes to a reliable house. If you haven't succeeded in finding a reliable furnisher, come to us. we can give you satisfaction.

VONGLAHN & GIBSON, MEN'S WEAR DEPOT, No. 120 Market St.

ja 7 tf

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tide-water. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 266 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 273 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address, R. G. GRADY & CO., Burgaw, N. C.

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ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52.	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 15 p m
3 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
9 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46.		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

BARIUM ROCK SPRING WATER.

(Old Poison Spring), is nature's specific for every form of skin disease and blood poison. It does not, like soap and ointment, merely destroy for a time the external signs, but goes to the root of the evil and drives out the poison in the blood which causes the eruptions to appear.

METHODIST PARSONAGE, ROCKINGHAM, N. C., Oct. 14, 1898.

I can bear testimony to the great value of Barium Rock Spring Water for Eczema and other eruptive diseases of the skin. I have known MANY CASES CURED, some of them of the most stubborn character.

Truly, JESSE H. PAGE.

For sale in Wilmington by

JAS. D. NUTT.

nov 24 tf

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Nov. 19, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11 39 A. M., Goldsboro 12.25 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.20 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.20 P. M., Warsaw 8.33 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.20 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charlesston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 8.05 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12 12 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.30 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.19 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11 33 A. M., Baltimore 1 46 P. M., Washington 3.06 P M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 8.18 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M. Jacksonville 10.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.05 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 8.40 A. M. — Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 5.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M. Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7.06 A. M., arrive Weldon 9 00 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.05 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 A. m., Weldon 11.35 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.32 P. M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.29 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 8.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M. Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.15 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.18 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.08 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.53 P. M., 10.25 P. M., arrive Selma 2.43 P. M. 11.10 P. M., Smithfield 3.08 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.31 5A. M. Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 9.45 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.58 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.25 A. M., Creston 5.19 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M., Sumter 6.02 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
nov 19 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. 2 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 53	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 45	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

Cash only and only cash

Is our motto. We do business on a Cash Basis and no other way. If you think we are joking just try your hand and be convinced. There is but one way to do a successful business and that is to sell for cash, sell cheap get your money, buy something else and sell that cheap, and keep your money turning over and never lose any of it.

The man that sells for cash can afford to sell his Goods 25 per cent. cheaper than the man that sells on credit for this reason; he never has to make his cash customers pay his credit customers' bills. The man that sells for cash is the safe man to deal with. He is always in a position to save you 25 per cent. of your hard-earned cash.

Our Shoe window is something of interest to the wearers of Shoes. It represents 122 different styles of Shoes, ranging in price from 98c to $4.00. Every pair has the price marked on it.

Our Dry Goods window is a friend to you in cold weather. All kinds of heavy Underwear, top Shirts, Dress Shirts, Heavy Wool Over Shirts, Neckwear, Hats, Caps, ladies' trimmed Hats, etc. Call on us for bargains, where you can save money. Have your card punched and get a present.

G. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,

J. R. BOYD, General Manager, Bell 'Phone 537. Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.

dec 31 tf

TRUNKS AND DRESS SUIT CASES.

SHOES

WE HAVE TOO MANY F

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12.

GREAT BRITAIN CONCEDES AMERICA'S CONTENTION.

That Flour and Other Goods on Steamers in Delagoa Bay Were Not Subject to Seizure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 11.—The answer of the British government to Mr. Choate's representations respecting the seizures of American flour and other goods on the three vessels—Beatrice, Mashona and Maria—has been received. Just as the officials of the State Department expected, it amounted to a partial answer, very satisfactory as far as it goes, disposing of the character of some of the goods seized, but not finally deciding broadly whether or not food stuffs are to be regarded as contraband. The British government adopted precisely the point of view regarding the seized goods that was assumed by the State Department and embodied by Mr. Choate in his note on the subject addressed to the British Foreign Office.

In brief, Mr. Choate reports as follows: "That the answer is highly satisfactory; that it is broad and liberal in terms. The position assumed by the British government is that food stuffs in transit to a hostile destination can be regarded as contraband of war only when they are supplies for the enemy's forces. It is not sufficient that they are capable of being used for the benefit of the enemy; it must be shown that they are so in fact through their destination at the time of the seizure. The British government does not claim that any of the American goods on the German barque Maria and the British barque Mashona were contraband of war. The British government is investigating the facts in connection with the goods seized on the third vessel, the Beatrice."

Mr. Choate's message embodied succinctly the authorities relied upon by the British government to sustain its position already assumed by this government. Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, was with the secretary shortly after he received his message and both appeared gratified at the progress toward a settlement of the cases. Though not mentioned by Mr. Choate, it is inferred here that the seized goods either will, or have been already released. Any possible question as to compensation to the owners can be adjusted later on. It is probable, however, that the British government will voluntarily make such amends as seem to be fair.

Later in the day the following official statement was given out by the State Department:

A telegram has been received from Ambassador Choate reporting an interview had by him with the Marquis of Salisbury on the afternoon of the 10th instant in regard to the American shipments of flour and provisions on the detained British steamers Beatrice and Mashona and the Dutch steamer Maria. The British position as to food stuff and hostile destination is that they can only be considered contraband of war if supplied for the enemy's forces, it not being sufficient that they are capable of being so used, but it must be shown that this was their destination at the time of seizure. This qualification virtually concedes the American contention that the goods were not subject to seizure and practically disavows the seizure; it not being claimed that there is any evidence of hostile destination.

SOUTH CAROLINA ASSEMBLY.

Resolution to Investigate Operations of Virginia Chemical Company—Bill to Prohibit Trusts.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 11.—Senator Graydon to-day introduced a resolution requiring the attorney general to investigate the operations of the Virginia Carolina Chemical Company in this State, and if the anti-trust laws are by it being violated, to bring suit to compel forfeiture of charter. This company has bought all the fertilizer works in this State, with few exceptions.

Representative Johnson introduced a bill, a copy of the Texas law, to prohibit trusts and monopolies being formed in this State.

In joint session Mr. Eugene B. Gary was without opposition re-elected associate justice of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Blease's bill to make terms of members four years instead of two was killed.

Mr. Sanders' bill, to allow suit to be brought for loss under fire insurance policies without the arbitration provided in all standard policies, passed in the House.

ELECTION CONTESTS.

Cases from Kentucky and Virginia Heard by House Committees.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 11.—The contested election case of Walter Evans against Oscar Turner, for the Fifth Congressional district of Kentucky, was argued to day before the House Elections Committee No. 1. The contestant claims that hundreds of voters were induced to remain away from the polls by improper representations. Mr. Evans has been appointed to a Federal Judge's position, but he wants the seat declared vacant.

The contest of R. A. Wise against Wm. A. Young, for the Second district of Virginia, was heard by Elections Committee No. 3. The contest is based on alleged frauds in the returns.

STEAMER WRECKED.

Unknown Vessel Ashore on New Foundland Coast—Is on Fire.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., January 11.—A large steamer, believed to be a passenger ship, whose name cannot yet be ascertained, has been wrecked on a reef in St. Mary's bay, about five miles from shore. The vessel, which lies with her head low in the water, is on fire aft.

Several persons have been washed off the deck during the day. Just before nightfall others were descried in the rigging. It is feared that the ship will perish before daybreak. At this hour, 9 P. M., it is impossible to secure any further particulars nor can any be had before morning.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY druggist. †

BRITISH LOSSES AT LADYSMITH.

Over Eight Hundred Were Killed and Wounded in Last Saturday's Battle.

BOERS' OVER TWO THOUSAND.

Report That Gen. Methuen is to Be Relieved Denied by the British War Office—Said to Be Broken in Health and Mind.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 12.—The *Daily Mail* says:

"We learn that in the attack on Ladysmith last Saturday, January 6th, the British losses were 14 officers killed, 34 wounded, and over 800 non-commissioned officers and men killed or wounded.

"Boer losses, we hear, are estimated at between 2,000 and 3,000."

Supplies Are Plentiful.

A dispatch to the *Daily Mail* from Pietermaritzburg, dated January 6th, says:

"Private advices from Ladysmith, dated January 2nd, say that rations of bread and meat are plentiful, and the garrison had not then touched the bully beef and biscuit supplies. Luxuries are scarce in Ladysmith, but the hospitals are well supplied with milk and the horses are in good condition."

The Cape Town correspondent of the *Daily Mail* telegraphing Monday, says.

The vanguard of the Sixth division is waiting at Table Bay until the arrival of Lord Roberts.

"H. M. S. Fearless seized the bark Maria L., which arrived at Port Elizabeth Saturday from the Argentine with sulphur."

Exhaustion of Ammunition.

LONDON, January 11.—With the growing impatience over the Transvaal situation stories are rife that inaction is enforced on General Buller owing to the exhaustion of the reserves of ammunition and there are even wild rumors of a shell famine at home. But not much importance need be attached to these rumors. It is almost universally assumed that with the landing of Generals Roberts and Kitchener a prompt return will be made to the original plan of campaign, namely, a great central advance on Bloemfontein. But the most impatient of the enthusiasts admit that General Roberts will be unable to move before the end of the month.

LORENZO MARQUES, January 11.—Several Portuguese who were on their way to join the Boers have been intercepted by the frontier police. Nobody, in future, will be allowed to pass the border without a permit from the governor.

Gen. Methuen to be Relieved.

CHICAGO, January 11.—A special cable to the Chicago *Tribune*, from London, says:

Lieutenant General Lord Methuen, commanding the column advancing to the relief of Kimberley, is to be relieved of his command within two weeks. Later, he will be sent to Cape Town and eventually ordered home. When he reaches England he will be retired. These facts have been confirmed by an official of the War Office.

Lord Methuen's case is a sad one. Always a man of rather frail physique—although a clever boxer and an all-round sportsman—his constitution began to show signs of breaking down almost immediately after he took command of his division. Three days after the battle of Belmont General Wolseley suggested to the War Office that Methuen be relieved. His advice was not heeded. The wisdom of the aged but keen commander-in-chief of the British army is now realized to the fullest extent by the War Office, which scoffed at his suggestion.

Friends of Lord Methuen insist he is only in broken health; that the strain of many campaigns has shattered his naturally nervous system. Those who know the circumstances and the situation at Modder River equally well and who are willing to state facts plainly, say that Methuen's mind is unbalaced.

Constant proof of this has been coming to the notice of the officials of the War Office for two weeks past. The commander of the Modder river forces has bombarded the government with some of the most remarkable messages ever received from a general in action. One received a few days ago, is a fair sample of the rest. It contained just three words: "Darkness before dawn."

It is stated by those acquainted with the inner workings and the campaign adopted by the War Office, that Lord Kitchener, the hero of Omduran, who, with Lord Roberts, arrived at Cape Town to-day, will proceed immediately to Modder river. He may not take active field command of the troops, but will put the column in working order again and then assign some one else, probably General Colville, to take Methuen's place.

Lord Methuen, in addition to his other eccentricities, has quarrelled with a number of officers under him. Three of them, Colonel Arthur Paget, Colonel Gough and Captain Campbell, he ordered home. They arrived in London to day. Colonel Gough, who commanded the cavalry detachment in the Magersfontein battle, is seeking vindication by the court martial. When Gough attempted to discuss the plan of the Magersfontein attack Methuen ordered him under arrest. The London press is considerately suppressing the true state of affairs so far as Methuen's ailment is concerned, but the papers do not hesitate to print the hard facts about the battle of Magersfontein, which are just reaching London through the mails, all of which go to show, in the language of an officer that "the attack was that of a madman."

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The officials of the War Office here have denied the report published in the United States that General Methuen has been recalled.

German Cruisers.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—It is asserted that the German cruisers Schwalbe and Condor, which were ordered to Delagoa bay, have been instructed to proceed instead to Cape Town. This indicates a belief in German official circles that the contraband controversy will be amicably settled.

LONDON, January 12.—The *Standard* has the following dispatch, dated Monday, from Frere Camp:

"Our patrols have searched both flanks of the Boer position. They found a large camp five miles east of Colenso, evidently in anticipation of a British attempt at a turning movement."

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular body habit that insures perfect health and great energy, Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

PHILIPPINE DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

Pettigrew Attacked the Administration's Policy and Made Startling Charges.

ALLEGED POLITICAL SCHEME.

To Further the Candidacy of McKinley for Re-nomination for Presidency. The Currency Bill Taken Up and Discussed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 11.—A spirited and at times sensational debate was precipitated in the Senate to-day on the Philippine question, over resolutions of inquiry. Mr. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, attacked the administration's policy in the Philippines and also made some startling charges against those who were supporting the administration. He declared that a systematic effort was being made to prevent accurate information from reaching the people of the United States, and that it was a political scheme to further the candidacy of Mr. McKinley for re-nomination and re-election.

Before adjournment, the Senate, after prolonged debate, passed the bill conferring additional powers upon the director of the census.

At the opening the Pettigrew resolution and the Lodge substitute, both seeking from the President all information regarding the Philippine insurrection, were laid before the Senate. Senator Lodge suggested that both be withdrawn and the Hoar resolution adopted as a substitute.

The resolution offered by Senator Hoar was sweeping in its call for information relating to the Philippine insurrection, but Senator Lodge said his desire for all information concerning the insurrection was so great that he proposed to offer an amendment extending its provisions.

Senator Lodge said he wanted information especially as to the effect of the encouragement the Filipinos received from the United States. Senator Hoar agreed with Senator Lodge. Senator Pettigrew objected. He wanted specific information, regardless of whether the President wanted it known or not. He launched into a sensational attack on the administration. He charged the government with withholding information for political gain. "The trouble with the Imperialists," said Senator Pettigrew, "is that they have confounded the interests of the people of the United States with the political desires and ambitions of their puny President and regarded him and his success as more important than a rightful treatment of the Filipinos. The fact is, this whole business is bound up in the President's desire again to be the candidate of his party for President.

Censored Dispatches.

In substantiation of his charge that the dispatches from the Philippines were censored in the interests of the administration, Senator Pettigrew quoted from a letter written by Robert M. Collins, Associated Press representative at Manila. In this letter Mr. Collins related the substance of an interview upon the subject of censoring dispatches which he had had with General Otis. Senator Pettigrew read the statement of Mr. Collins, in which he said it was the evident desire of the officials to prevent certain information from reaching the people of the United States. When he (Collins) had filed a dispatch containing information which he thought was proper to send to the United States he had been informed by the censor that he had been instructed to cut out anything that might hurt the administration. Subsequently, when he had desired to send a story relating to the use of silver in the Philippines, the censor had told him that his instructions were to allow nothing to pass him which would be helpful to William Jennings Bryan in the United States.

Upon this point Senator Pettigrew became particularly sarcastic and again adverted to what he termed the President's desire to succeed himself as President, even though essential information had to be suppressed to accomplish that end.

Currency Bill Debated.

The Currency bill was then taken up and Senator Stewart addressed the Senate. He discussed the financial conditions of the world, criticised Secretary Gage's reply to the Senate on the New York City Bank matter, and urged what he called the absurdity of the intrinsic as opposed to the quantative theory of money. He criticised numerous contentions of the gold advocates, and in conclusion said:

"The passage of this bill will bring this question squarely before the American people. There will be no dodging the issue. It must be met, and that issue will be between a government by a colossal and imperial concentration of capital, wielding the sovereign power of the United States to create, contract and expand the volume of money, and an honest measure of value consisting of the legal tender money of the United States."

The Senate then adjourned.

THE KENTUCKY CONTEST.

The Federal Government Expected to Aid the Taylor Administration in the Fight Against Goebel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY., January 11.—The Republican leaders, while not abandoning the fight against Goebel in the Legislature, are eagerly awaiting news from Washington as to what aid the Federal government would give the Taylor admin istration in the event Goebel is seated by the Legislature. That the Republican leaders are advising Governor Taylor to resist in case the Legislature desides in favor of Goebel and are promising support to him, is generally admitted.

There was a conference to-night of Republican leaders from over the State, among whom were several prominent Federal officeholders, and it is said stronger pressure is to be brought to bear at Washington in favor of Taylor than has been heretofore. The sentiment of all those attending the conference was decidedly bellicose, and the feeling is somewhat heightened by the fact that at least three of the legislative contests are so near to completion to-night as to assure a vote on them next week, and that a majority of them are nearly certain to be disposed of before the contests for Governor and Lieutenant Governor are voted on.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency offers for sale the timber on a tract of land on North East River. It includes over one million feet of fine Cypress timber. See advertisement. †

THE MARSHALL CASE.

Jury Found it Impossible to Agree and a Mistrial Was Ordered by the Court.

CONTINUED TO THE MAY TERM.

It is Believed That the Case Will Be Not Prossed When Called—Public Sentiment is That Marshall Should Have Been Acquitted.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 11.—The Marshall trial ended to-night at 5.42 o'clock. Though the jury had been out for twenty-four hours, they found it impossible to agree; so a juror was withdrawn and a mistrial had. They stood three for conviction and nine for acquittal on the first ballot, and there was never any change in the vote. The three jurors for conviction were J. J. Willier, a farmer, of Franklin; A. D. Pullin, carpenter, of Wake; F. M. Willbish, ex-clerk of the penitentiary, of Wake. In the jury room some very animated discussions were held, and once or twice there came near being a fight. One juror, for instance, charged another with having talked to a government detective during the trial; another, who favored acquittal, told a man who favored conviction that he was opposing the majority simply to hang the jury, and get another day's pay. And thus the night and then the day were spent in argument and voting without anybody being convinced or anybody changing his vote. About 11 o'clock the jury came in for additional instructions from the Judge. Later, a note was sent to Judge Purnell, asking his personal opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendant. The Judge, of course, declined to give it. And again, shortly after 3 o'clock a note was sent to the court stating the jury found it impossible to agree, and asking to be discharged.

At 5.42 o'clock Judge Purnell sent for the attorneys and officers of the court, and the jury filed into the court room. "Gentlemen, have you agreed upon your verdict?" asked Judge Purnell. "We have not," replied Mr. Willier, foreman of the jury. "Is there any possible chance of your doing so?" "I don't think there is." "Then in the exercise of judicial discretion I shall not keep you longer. Mr. Clerk, make entry that a juror is withdrawn and a mistrial had." This was done and the jury was discharged; both Judge and District Attorney expressing sympathy with them and appreciation of their patience and faithful discharge of duty. And the jurors looked as if they deserved sympathy. All of them were pale and worn. They had spent seven days and nights in the court room. They slept on beds made on the floor of the court room and the only exercise they had was to march in a body to a hotel for meals and back to the court room.

Judge Purnell ordered that Marshall be released on his old bond of $5,000 which holds good until it is renewed. He is allowed twenty days in which to file a new bond. This new bond Judge Purnell reduced to $3,000. The case will come up for trial again at the May term of the court. It is not believed by the attorneys for the defense, however, that it will be contested in the courts again. They think a nol pros. will be taken when the case is called at the May term. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall left to-night for Wilmington. Mr. Bellamy went this morning.

Public sentiment here is that Marshall is innocent and should have been promptly acquitted.

The Grand Lodge of Masons,

which has been in annual convocation here this week, completed its business to-day and adjourned, to meet here again next year. This morning the grand officers were installed by Past Grand Master Walter E. Moore, Mr. J. B. Briggs acting as Grand Marshal. Appointed officers named to day are:

Grand Chaplain—Thomas Bell, of Wilson.

Grand Lecturer—B. W. Hatcher, of Liberty.

Senior Grand Deacon—M. Gattis, of Hillsboro.

Junior Grand Deacon—T. J. Reed, of Biltmore.

Grand Marshal—J. C. Biggs, of Durham.

Grand Sword-Bearer—A. K. Smith, of Smithfield.

Grand Pursuivant—T. L. Farrow, of Winston,

Grand Steward—R. N. Hackett, of Wilkesboro.

Grand Steward—Dr. F. M. Winchester, of Charlotte.

Grand Tiler—R. H. Bradley, of Raleigh.

A past master's jewel was presented to the retiring grand master, R. J. Noble, as a token of love and esteem on the part of the Masons of North Carolina for the faithful manner in which he had served the Grand Lodge. The presentation speech was made by Mr. W. B. McKoy and was fittingly responded to by Dr. Noble. Speeches of thanks and congratulations were made by Past Grand Master Samuel H Smith, Senior Grand Warden Walter S. Liddell, and Junior Grand Warden Francis D. Winston.

Penitentiary Directors.

Directors of the State's prison remained in session all day to-day, adjourning at 6 o'clock, to meet again next January, unless called to meet earlier. The main things done by the board were to rent part of the Northampton (Summerell's) farm for another year at $16,000, if it can be had for that amount, and elect officers for the ensuing year. The following officers were chosen: President of Board, J. C. Davis, of Carteret; secretary of Board, B. W. Ballard, of Franklin; Executive committee—E. L. Travis, of Halifax; W. C. Newland, of Lenoir; J. W. Perry, of Johnston. Surgeon, Dr. J. R. Rogers, of Raleigh; supervisor of Caledonia farm No. 1, J. H. McIver. The question as to whether the discharged supervisors shall be paid anything for the time their elective terms ran after they were discharged by Capt. Day, was left to the executive committee with power to settle, after the Board had voted down a proposition to pay them three hundred and four hundred and fifty dollars. Capt Day said the matter would be settled. No action was taken with regard to the $55,000 loaned to the State prison by the last Legislature. The matter was not brought up in the Board, but was discussed informally among members.

NEW ENTERPRISES AT ENFIELD.

Flourishing Condition of Thriving Eastern North Carolina Town.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

ENFIELD, N. C., January 10.—The writer is glad to report the continued growth of the thriving town of Enfield. He is reliably informed that soon a large cotton factory will be built, and the promoters of the enterprise are men whose means give assurance of success. A peanut mill will also be established at an early day. This will be of great advantage to peanut growers in Eastern North Carolina. This will clean and pack the peanuts ready for shipment. Enfield will then be one of the largest peanut markets in the country. Another improvement in the town is the large three story brick hotel recently built by Dr. Stallings. The season's tobacco sales have been large, amounting to at least three million pounds.

REV. DR. McGLYNN'S FUNERAL.

Services at St. Stephen's Church—An Immense Concourse in Attendance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 11.—The funeral to day of the Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn, in St. Stephen's Church, of which he was formerly the pastor, was the occasion of a manifestation of popular affection such as has rarely been witnessed. The coffin containing the remains of the beloved priest was deposited at the altar rail of the church at 5.30 A. M., and from that time until the doors were closed at 12.30 P. M., over forty thousand persons, it is estimated, looked upon the face of the dead. For four hours a compact stream of humanity poured into the church. Many remained in the church and the pews were crowded with more than 2,500 people long before the doors were closed. At that time there were many on the street who had not been able to gain admission.

The obsequies began at 9.30, with a solemn chant for the dead, conducted by Rev. Thomas McLoughlin and Rev. Thomas O'Connor, of St. Stephen's.

WARM WIRELETS.

There has been one death from bubonic plague at Rio Janeiro.

Queen Victoria has proclaimed the meeting of the British Parliament for January 30th.

Twenty-six cotton mills have been built in Mexico during the past year and new mills are being pushed to completion.

In a quarrel over a game of cards at Pound Gap, Ky., two men were shot and killed, two were mortally and two others slightly wounded.

Representatives of the Eastern and Southern Railroads have decided to stop the payment of commissions on the sale of tickets on February first.

The Southern association of hosiery manufacturers met in Atlanta yesterday and advanced prices 10 per cent. This is a total advance of 20 per cent. in three months.

Preparations are being made at Gastonia, N. C., for the erection of a cotton mill to cost $1,000,000. Work will begin on the plant as soon as weather will permit.

Lieutenant Commander F. E. Green, of the United States cruiser Montgomery, committed suicide Wednesday evening, at Montevideo. No cause is assigned. He was a native of Indiana.

The steamship Auchenarden sailed from New York for Cape Town, East London and Port Natal. Besides an immense cargo of provisions, flour and grain, she carries thirty troop-horses and fifty mules.

Senator William Goebel, who is contest the seat of Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, it is stated is engaged to be married to Corinne Blackburn, the only single daughter of U. S. Senator J. C. S. Blackburn.

A fierce storm swept the Japanese coast on December 24th, by which thirty-five junks were lost and 171 persons perished. A tidal wave accompanied the storm, by which 411 lives in all were lost.

About five hundred persons attended an anti-imperialist meeting in Washington last night. The speakers were ex-Senator J. B. Henderson of Missouri, ex-Governor Boutwell of Massachusetts, and Representative Lentz of Ohio.

Taking advantage of England's pressing engagements in South Africa, the Russian Government, through its consul at Hankow, China, has revived its claim to the Jardine-Matheson land, making a demand for the property in the most preemptory fashion.

The British steamship Empress, from Galveston to Copenhagen, via Newport News for coal and laden with a general cargo, went ashore yesterday in a thick fog two and one half miles from False Cape (North Carolina) life saving station. Late in the afternoon the ship was floated.

The Cotton States Association of Commissioners of Agriculture re-elected all its old officers to serve the ensuing year. Little Rock, Raleigh and Montgomery were nominated for the next meeting place. The vote resulted in a tie, and the matter was referred to the executive committee.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

FOX RIVER BUTTER.

A shipment of this CELEBRATED BUTTER just received.

Also, several car-loads of other Groceries.

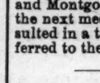
Here to do business.

Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer,
dec 27 tf Wilmington, N. C

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Seventeen Photographs for 25c. We are prepared to give you seventeen Photographs for 25c. Call and see our samples. They are displayed upstairs in the studio. This work is for a limited time, of course, and you had better come at once. Call at the Star Studio, 116 Market street. ja 12 tf

Dr. M. H. P. Clark, Surgeon Dentist. Solicits the patronage of the people of Wilmington. Parlor, 104 Princess street, second floor. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 2 to 5 P. M. ja 7 1m

Nice Board in desirable part of the city can be had by addressing "M.," care STAR. ja 7 2t

For Sale—Fine Turpentine location, with complete outfit of Teams, Wagons, still, etc., on W., C. & A. R. R. Removal from State cause of sale. J. C. Powell, Peacocks, N. C. ja 5 tf

Photographic Novelties—The new and beautiful original Medallion Portraits in water colors, Carbonet and Sepia. The lively Celoran Panels. Plain and hand painted. Buttons and Brooches. Flash lights of all gatherings; also, interiors, copying and enlarging a specialty. Fine up-to-date Carbonet Photographs our leaders. Come see specimens. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. ja 5 tf

Moved? Yes! 221 North Fourth street, corner Grace. Grace and Mulberry are the same—only "Grace, 'tis a charming sound," is a better name for a street, you know. That's the place. Want your Piano tuned? John G. Russell, 221 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 198. dec 31 tf

Medallion Portraits—I am now prepared to furnish the beautiful original Medallion Portraits. I am the first to offer you these lovely pictures. A thing of beauty is a joy forever; also, the up-to-date Celoson Panel Come and see specimens in water colors, sepia and carbonet. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 27 tf

Notice—Don't fail to examine my stock of Holiday Goods, Oranges, Apples, Malaga Grapes, Nuts, Cocoa Nuts, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, and a nice line of Fancy Candy. Prices are right if given a chance. A. S. Winstead. dec 10 tf

We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Chimneys. Call on us. John J. Kelly, 21 Market street. dec 5 6m

A Fair Show—Ship Pork, Beef—dressed and live—Poultry, Eggs, Peanuts, Potatoes, and everything in the Produce line to R. B. Moore for good prices and prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. no 19 tf

Fresh Ground Graham and Rye Flour Seed Rye, Wheat and all kinds mixed Feed for horses and cattle. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. 'Phones 92. no 15 tf.

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum. Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 22 Market street. oct 3 tf

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

Why not call on Marshall & Jones for your Blacksmith and Wheelwright work, Electrical Bell work and Plumbing at their General Repair Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets? Bell 'Phone 474, Inter-State 127 call 4. Competent workmen in every department. sep 24 tf

WE HAVE
EVERYTHING
NICE AND FRESH
FOR
CHRISTMAS.
REMEMBER US
AS WE SHALL
REMEMBER
THE POOR.
PALACE BAKERY.
nov 29 tf

Early Ohio Potatoes.

125 Bags Ohio Potatoes.
200 Bags Houlton Rose Potatoes.
110 Packets Good Rice.
58 Packets Common Rice.
48 Barrels Good Rice.
540 Bushels R. P. Oats.
50 Bags Kiln Dried Grits.
300 Bushels Va. Meal.
110 Barrels Molasses.
28 Boxes Toilet Soap.
15 Boxes Strawberry Jam.
Order R. R. Snuff before advance.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
ja 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE.

Ten beautiful Upright Pianos in fancy cases.

Bargains for cash. Four good Square Pianos. One handsome Mathushek Baby Grand in Mahogany. All to be closed out

At Manufacturers' Cost

before removal to our new store, 109 Market street. Can save you from $50 to $100 during the holidays.

N. L. SMITH,
dec 22 tf 109 Dock street.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS:

WE WISH YOU A

Happy New Year

and solicit your orders for

Groceries

to help us to the same.

Yours, truly,

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
ja 2 tf

Holiday Goods. Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts, Mixed Candy and Plain. Raisins of fine quality.

Selling at Low Prices.

We also have Seed Oats, Seed Wheat and a complete line of Heavy Groceries.

Lowest Prices for Quality.

The Worth Company.
dec 7 tf

The Wave of Prosperity

Heralded to sweep over the entire land has evidently gone South, via the Atlantic Coast Line Short Cut.

Buyers of Holiday Presents can make their own prices, if not below cost, till my stock reaches its normal condition.

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
dec 21 tf

A Special Cash Sale
—BY—
THE JOHNSON DRY GOODS CO.,
NO. 111 MARKET STREET.

During the entire week a Special

Discount of 20 Per Cent.

Will be given on all purchases FOR CASH.

Don't miss this opportunity to secure BIG BARGAINS.

ja 7 tf

A DANGEROUS Hypnotist

People think a man is sometimes when the real secret of his influence is good taste in dress and being well dressed at all times There is nothing that lends that air of Swelldom and distinguished appearance to a man as a Suit of Clothing made and fitted perfectly by an Artist Tailor. That is the secret of our success. We are Artists in our trade.

One or two good Coat-makers can secure steady employment by calling on

M. H. CURRAN,
ja 7 tf **107 PRINCESS STREET.**

Great Sale of Embroideries.

This week will mark the greatest Sale of Embroideries

—that ever occurred in this city. They are here in profusion. All the NEWEST IMPORTATIONS. Hamburg, Swiss and Nainsook Edges, Insertions, Bands and All Over. Aplique Bands and All Overs to match. ALL OVER LACE. They are the products of ST. GAEL and LYONS, having been purchased before the sharp advance in prices.

During the past 30 years of mercantile life in Wilmington, I have endeavored to give my patrons every advantage possible by having cognizance of every change in the markets; always alert to procure the best and no other goods, at the lowest prices.

A Clean Sweep

—of all JACKETS and CAPES.
They must go at unheard of prices.
Agent for "Her Majesty," the "Dowager" and "American Lady" Corsets; also, Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. BROWN.
ja 9 tf

Welcome the New Year

with feasting and good cheer. If you intend receiving New Year's calls you will want to lay on your table the choicest that the market affords in all the relishes, Tinned and Potted Meats. Fish, Pickles, Cheese and Dressed Poultry, which we have furnished

especially for the holiday season.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager.
'Phone 397. Fourth Street Bridge.
dec 28 tf

If goods can move these prices will move them.

$1.50 Monarch Shirts for $1.25
1.00 " " .85

Stripes up and down or across the bosom. Both white and colored.

Underwear almost at your own price.

Men's Suits and Overcoats at 15 per cent. below regular price. Only a few Overcoats left.

I am offering the greatest Shoe values ever before offered in Wilmington.

A. SHRIER, Men's Wear.
Bell 'Phone 555. ja 9 tf

IN SUNSHINE OR RAIN, SNOW OR SLEET,

To be perfectly comfortable you want your feet well clad. These cold, damp mornings when you go out with a light-uppered thin-soled Shoe you can't be either warm or comfortable. But if you had on a pair of our

Popular Priced Shoes

for either

Ladies or Gentlemen,

you would be both. Come in and inspect our stock or call us up. Bell 'Phone 143.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.
ja 5 tf

PREPARE

for cold weather by buying your

Coal and Wood NOW.

Wilson Heater Wood always on hand.

JAMES H. TAYLOR, Agent.
Bell 'Phone 84. ja 9 tf

We wish one and all A Happy and Prosperous New Year

WE THANK YOU for your liberal patronage, and hope to merit a continuance.

We will make January prices

On anything in the Furniture line 25 per cent. Cheaper than it can be bought for 3 months hence. See us and be convinced.

THE SNEED-FULLER COMPANY,
ja 3 tf **Second and Market Streets.**

We have 200 pounds Of Country Sausage!

Made by Mr. McFadyen, in Bladen county.

They are very fine.

J. B. & J. C. KING.
ja 10 tf